Appendix N. Response to management by Baird's Sparrow.

Responses to management type, i.e., cattle grazing, unless otherwise noted as bison, fire, and mowing, by Baird's Sparrow breeding in the grasslands of the Northern Great Plains.

Management Type	Response to Management ^a	Region	Grassland Type	Reference
Grazing	Wanagement		Турс	
Heavy/	_	AB	Mixed-grass	Owens and Myres (1973)
continuous		7115	Wilked grass	o wens and myres (1973)
Light/Moderate in	+			Wershler et al. (1991)
wet years	'			Weishief et al. (1991)
Grazing and			Native	Mahon (1995)
Mowing:			hayfields	Wallon (1993)
Mowed and winter	- (avoided)		nayneids	
grazing	(avoided)			
Early-season tame	0 в		Mixed-grass	Prescott and Wagner
Larry-season tame	U		Wiixed-grass	(1996)
Early-season native				(1990)
Deferred-grazed				
native				
Season-long native				
grazed				
Heavy/	-	MB		De Smet and Conrad
continuous				(1991)
Heavy/	-			Davis (1994)
continuous				
Ungrazed	+			Bleho (2009)
Grazed	=			
Heavy/	=	ND		Kantrud (1981)
Continuous				
Light/Moderate in	+			
wet years				
Mowed hayland	+			
Light/Moderate in	+			Renken (1983)
wet years				
Light/Moderate in	+			Messmer (1990)
wet years				
Rotational	+			
G 1				
Season long	=			
Chort Jane 1:				
Short duration	-			Solo at al. (2004)
Moderate	+	CIZ	_	Salo et al. (2004)
Heavy/	-	SK		Dale (1983)
Continuous				
Light/Moderate in	+			
wet years Heavy/				Anstey et al. (1995)
continuous	_			Ansley et al. (1993)
Continuous				
Light/ Moderate in	+			
wet years	'			
Light or Moderate	0°			Lusk (2009), Lusk and
Light of Moderate				Koper (2013), Pipher et al.
				(2016)
Grazed	+ d			Lusk (2009)
Grazeu	'			Lusk (2009)
Ungrazed	_			
Oligiazeu	_		J	

Management Type	Response to Management ^a	Region	Grassland Type	Reference
Ungrazed	+	SK	Mixed-grass	Sliwinski (2011)
_	(max abundance)			
Moderate/Heavy				
Wioderate/freavy	-			
Grazed (bison)	_ e			
Grazing and Fire:				Richardson et al. (2014)
Undisturbed	+			
Grazed/burned	- (lowest			
	abundance)			
Mowing/Haying				
Grazing and		AB	Native	Mahon (1995)
Mowing: Mowed and winter	- (avoided)		hayfields	
grazing	- (avoided)			
Native hayland	+	MB	Hayland	De Smet and Conrad
			.,	(1991)
Tame hayland	-			
Native hayland	+	ND		Kantrud (1981)
Tame hayland	_			
Annual	+	SK	Tame hayfields	Dale et al. (1997)
2.0			dominated by	
3-8 year intervals Unhayed	+ (maximum) ^{a, c}	SK	non-natives Mixed grass	
Omayeu	(maximum)	SK	Wilked grass	
Annually hayed	+ a			
	- 3 weeks post			
	mowing ^c			
Periodic hayed	_ a			
-				
Idle cultivated	- a, + c			
hayland Fire				
Burned 4x in 15	+ (max	ND	Mixed-grass	Madden et al. (1999)
yrs	abundance)	ND	Wilked Bluss	windon et al. (1999)
•	,			
Burned 1-2 times	+			
in 15 yrs				
Unburned	- (absent)			
4 times in 24 yrs	+ (max			Winter (1999)
	abundance), but			
	absent where no			
	litter			
No burn	- (absent)			
Twice in 24 yrs Grazing and Fire:	-	SK	 	Richardson et al. (2014)
Undisturbed	+	DIL		20011a1 a5011 of a1. (2017)
Grazed/burned	- (lowest			
Stazea/ burned	abundance)			

Management Type	Response to Management ^a	Region	Grassland Type	Reference
1-2 years post burn	-	NGP ^f	Mixed-grass	Pylypec (1991), Winter
				(1994), Madden (1996),
2-5 years post burn	+			Johnson (1997), White
				(2009), Richardson (2012)

^a = Grazing effects on abundance: + increase, - decrease, 0 = no effect, as reported by authors. Effects refer to abundance, unless otherwise noted above.

b = Occurrence

^c = Grazing effects on nesting success or productivity

d = Grazing effects on number of young fledged per nest (all nests) and young fledged per successful nest

^e = Grazing by bison caused significant local declines vs. cattle grazing

f = NGP is Northern Great Plains